

APPENDIX 14.2

Recorded Monuments Located Within the Receiving Environment

AH No	AH 1 (Also BH 49)
RMP No	LI010-007
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Corgrig
Parish	Shanagolden
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Castle – tower house
ITM Ref	525620, 6510193
Distance from proposed road	116m W
Description	In area of dense overgrowth. Two blocks of fallen masonry, lying on either side of culverted stream, only visible trace of castle described by Westropp as 'the lower part of a very well-built tower, hardly 10 feet high' (1906-7, 241). Block on W side of stream (6m x 3m x 1.6m) contains wall press (H 0.55m; Wth 1.5m; D 0.35m); second block (7m x 6m x 1.25m) on E side of stream. Geraldine castle, described in 1583 as a 'large and excellent castle' (ibid.); fell into ruins in mid-17th century (Donnelly 1994, vol. 2, 84-5).
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 2
RMP No	LI010-012
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardaneer
Parish	Shanagolden
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	526448, 650267
Distance from proposed road	70m W
Description	In low-lying pasture, with frequent outcrops of limestone. Circular area (25.2m N-S; 24.6m E-W) enclosed by earth-and-stone bank (int. H 0.65m; ext. H 0.5m), with external bank (int. H 0.25m; ext. H 0.6m) NW->NE. No obvious entrance but cattle breaks at N and NE. Interior level and covered by tall grass. Enclosure abutted by earthen banks at NE (L-shaped: extends 15.8m to N and then returns W for 21m; Wth 0.95m; H 0.4m), at SW (L 0.45m; Wth 1.2m; H 0.6m) and at NW (L 15.3m; Wth 2.4m; H 0.45m). These are probably remnants of an ancient field system. Immediately NE of enclosure is area which has been surface quarried for limestone (22m N-S; 22m E-W; D c. 0.7m). LiDAR records the feature 13m north of the RMP point and indicates the enclosure and field system cover c.15 ha.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 3 (EX 1)
RMP No	LI010-068
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	526914, 649791
Distance from proposed road	35m NE
Description	In tillage, on local rise in generally flat low-lying terrain. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 30m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled. No trace of monument evident when inspected or identified on LiDAR survey, modern house now in this location.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 4
RMP No	LI010-070
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	527376, 649346
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map. Although quarrying present in the wider vicinity the ringfort is well preserved under scrub.25m in diameter with associated field system to the west. Not inspected during walkover survey (May 2018) as it was then located outside of the proposed road boundary.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 5
RMP No	LI010-071
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Burial ground

ITM Ref	527635, 649591
Distance from proposed road	84m N
Description	In 1964 'over thirty skeletons were discovered, buried in a low gravel-ridge' (Dannaher 1964) during quarrying operations. Most of these were removed prior to the site being archaeologically investigated, and the topsoil removed so that 'it was impossible to ascertain if there had been any surface indications of the graves' (ibid.). Investigations revealed 'a further seven skeletons, all of adults, in four separate graves, close to one another and all orientated East-West' (ibid.). There were no grave goods. The conclusion was that these were burials 'from the Christian Period' and, because they were buried in un-consecrated ground, 'the result of a plague or famine in the area' (ibid.). This area is now part of an industrial complex. No surface expression
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 6
RMP No	LI010-073
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rincullia
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	528027, 649674
Distance from proposed road	165m N
Description	Atop slight rise, in otherwise level terrain. Site is completely covered by dense overgrowth but as far as can be ascertained consists of circular area (diam. c. 25m) enclosed by earthen bank (int. H 0.5m; ext. H 0.6m) with external fosse (D 0.4m; Wth c. 2m). Davis records the diameter as 29.8m and indicates the ringfort may be bivallate.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 7
RMP No	LI010-074
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rincullia
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	528231, 649430
Distance from proposed road	0m

Description	On slight rise in undulating pasture. Roughly square area (23.5m N-S) enclosed by collapsed stone and earth wall (int. H 0.8m; ext. H 1m) incorporated into surrounding field-boundary system on E and S sides. Gap (Wth. 1.4m) on N side to NNE. Interior level but densely overgrown except for N end; strewn with stones from collapsing walls. Davis records the diameter at 42m and that the feature is truncated to the east. It was noted during the field inspection that the enclosure is roughly square and located on a slight rise in undulating pasture. It is enclosed by a collapsed stone and earth wall which is obscured by dense vegetation.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 8
RMP No	LI010-081
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Craggs
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	528802, 649319
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	In area of mixed pasture, scrub and quarrying. Site, marked as circular enclosure (diam. c. 25m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, does not appear to be extant in area heavily modified by surface quarrying and covered by scrub overgrowth. This was not inspected during the walkover survey as access was not granted to this location.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 9
RMP No	LI010-087
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Craggs
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	529313, 649135
Distance from proposed road	25m S
Description	In undulating pasture, on N-facing slope. Roughly rectangular area (31m N-S) enclosed by collapsed dry-stone wall (int. H 1.6m; ext. H 1.4m; Wth. 8m) but truncated on N side by E-W field boundary. Centre of interior and W side of enclosure covered by dense overgrowth of bush. Only apparent point of access gap in field boundary to N (Wth. 2m). Interior surface lower than that of surrounding terrain (D c. 0.2m). Immediately outside rounded SE corner is

	rectangular structure (7m N-S; 10.2m E-W) defined by collapsed dry-stone wall (H c. 0.6m; Wth. c. 3m); E side almost entirely removed; low wall (H 0.4m; Wth. 0.8m) divides interior on N-S axis. Collapsed wall (L 3.6m; Wth. 0.8m; H c. 0.3m) links both enclosures. Davis records a possible subsidiary structure to the southeast and associated field system to the west
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 10
RMP No	LI010-090
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Mulderricksfield
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	527942, 648954
Distance from proposed road	105m S
Description	In pasture, on N-facing slope. Monument, depicted as circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, has been partially levelled. Immediate area of site now covered by dense overgrowth but what survives appears to be arc W->E of collapsed dry-stone wall (H c. 0.3m; Wth c. 4m) covered by sod. This occupies S end of narrow field whose S field boundary appears to truncate enclosure E->W. Davis records possible internal differentiation.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 11
RMP No	LI010-098
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballyclogh
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	530634, 649059
Distance from proposed road	175m S
Description	Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, no topographic expression recorded by Davis.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 12
RMP No	LI010-099

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Mulderricksfield
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	530646, 649365
Distance from proposed road	80m N
Description	In low-lying level area, newly planted with coniferous trees. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled, except for arc of earth-and-stone bank (C 18m; H c. 0.65m; Wth c. 1.15m) NW->NE. Otherwise area of site covered by tall rough grass and newly planted trees.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 13
RMP No	LI010-103
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Cloonreask
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	532424, 649497
Distance from proposed road	178m S
Description	In low-lying pasture. Oval area (8m E-W; 4.5m N-S) defined by scarp edge (H 0.5m; Wth 4m), with external fosse (D 0.15m; Wth 4m) SE->NE, and external bank SSW->NE (H 0.2m; Wth 2m). Outer bank has been quarried in places, especially to NW, leaving a series of low undulations around perimeter of site. Davis records the diameter at 32m
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 14
RMP No	LI010-106
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Sroolane North
Parish	Shanagolden
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Mill
ITM Ref	526896, 650065

Distance from proposed road	205m E
Description	The 1840 OS six-inch map shows a rectangular structure in this location that is named 'Old Mill'. No structure is shown in this location on later editions of the OS map and there is no evident trace of such a structure on the ground.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 15
RMP No	LI011-090
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Cloonreask
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Conello Lower
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	533272, 650197
Distance from proposed road	168m SE
Description	In low-lying pasture, on S edge of limestone outcrop. Monument, depicted on 1841 OS 6-inch map as roughly circular enclosure (diam. c. 40m), has been levelled. However, a curved section of dry-stone field wall (H c. 1m; Wth c. 0.65m), defining a semicircular area (20m N-S; 36.5m E-W) WNW->E, respects line of enclosure. Area of enclosure, under pasture, slopes down gently to S. Northern section remains as sunken area. Davis records the northern section of the site remaining as a horse-shoe shaped sunken area
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 16
RMP No	LI019-058
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballyclogh
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	531380, 648528
Distance from proposed road	125m W
Description	In low-lying scrub-covered ground, in area of outcropping limestone. Monument, depicted on 1923 OS 6-inch map as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m), could not be located in impenetrable overgrowth. Davis records a small circular structure in the southern part of the ringfort, with an associated field system to the east.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 17
RMP No	LI019-059
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballycullen
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Castle
ITM Ref	531747, 648836
Distance from proposed road	100m E
Description	A castle held by the Nash family from at least the 16th century; they built a country house on the site in 1740 (Westropp 1906-7, 208). This house is a '3 storey 18th century house with a tripartite fan-light doorway ... plasterwork of mid-18th century type in hall ceiling; staircase of good joinery with gallery.' (Bence-Jones 1978, 20). The house was restored in the 1970s (ibid.).
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 18
RMP No	LI019-060
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballycullen
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Redundant record
ITM Ref	531934, 648729
Distance from proposed road	175m NE
Description	Field report indicates that this was a natural mound of gravel which has been quarried- therefore made a 'redundant record'.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 19
RMP No	LI019-064
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballycullen
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	532403, 648459

Distance from proposed road	7m S
Description	<p>In pasture, atop low ridge. Oval area (34.9m N-S; 26.6m E-W) defined by scarped edge (H 2.6m; Wth 3.2m) which grades to earthen bank (int. H 0.75m) SW->W and N->ENE. Scarp has near-vertical face which has been faced with stones in fashion of surrounding field boundaries. Facing rises into low wall (int. H 0.4m) atop scarp E->SE. Entrance at SW where there is a gap in scarp (Wth 4.4m) and gradual slope (H 0.65m; Wth 5.45m) up into interior from field level. There is a kink in scarp face at S which contains a blocked-up lintelled recess (H 0.9m; Wth 0.5m, D 0.8m). This faces trackway which skirts enclosure SE->SW but exact nature of recess is unclear. Level interior is covered by trees some of which have fallen. There is a dump of tree stumps and earth along verge at W.</p> <p>LiDAR data indicates that the ringfort is bivallate, with the outer vallation largely destroyed but remaining to the north and southeast. The overall diameter to the 2nd vallation is 67m. The central area is slightly depressed and 20m in diameter. A rectangular enclosure area is located directly to the east.</p> <p>Geophysical survey confirmed that the ringfort is bivallate.</p> <p>It was noted during the field inspection that the ringfort possesses an earthen bank, faced with stones in a number of areas. It is extremely overgrown and access to the interior was not possible.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 20
RMP No	LI019-238
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Craggs
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	529482, 648860
Distance from proposed road	183m S
Description	An enclosure is marked here on the 19 th century OS maps. Plectrum shaped, 30m in diameter and under heavy woodland
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 21
RMP No	LI020-002
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballynacaheragh
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure

ITM Ref	533471, 648136
Distance from proposed road	40m S
Description	Probable ringfort under heavy woodland. 34 x 27 m
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 22, 23,
RMP No	LI020-004001/2
Statutory protection	Yes (including Preservation Order (No. 4/1977))
Townland	Milltown North
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Tower house, cashel & souterrain
ITM Ref	534100, 647155
Distance from proposed road	250m W
Description	<p>Tower house (AH 23)</p> <p>In pasture, on limestone crag on gentle SE-facing slope. This L-shaped tower house stood in SW quadrant of cashel (LI020-004001-) has now been reduced to ground level. Westropp (1906-7, 208) described the remains here as 'fragment of an old house, with a tall chimney' but it seems most of its stone was used in the 18th century in the building of nearby Altavilla House (Donnelly 1994, vol. 2, 152).</p> <p>Cashel (AH 22)</p> <p>In pasture, atop limestone crag, on gentle SE-facing slope. Circular area (44m N-S; 43m E-W) defined by substantial dry-stone wall (ext. H 2.4m; int. H 2.4m; Wth 3.35m), best preserved along N arc where incorporated into field boundary system. Entrance (Wth 9.2m) SE->SSE, with boulders dumped against external face at either terminus. Uneven interior, under rough pasture, has scarp edge (H 1.01m) separating irregular lower area to NNW. No longer any evident trace of tower house (LI020-004002-) or souterrain (LI020-176----) in interior.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 24
RMP No	LI020-005
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Milltown North
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	534346, 647273
Distance from proposed road	0m

Description	In pasture, on W bank of Deel River. Monument, depicted on 1923 OS 6-inch map as D-shaped enclosure with river bank forming straight E side (c. 25m N-S; c. 30m E-W), is no longer evident. This area now covered by dump of material dredged from river (H 2.75m; Wth 10m; L c. 30m) by OPW. No surface expression. No evidence of this feature was identified during the LiDAR survey, however it was identified through geophysical survey and consists of a D-shaped enclosure.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019
AH No	AH 25
RMP No	LI020-007
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Booaglass
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	534778, 646746
Distance from proposed road	180m E
Description	In area of outcropping limestone, completely covered by scrub and thorn bushes. Monument, depicted as roughly circular embanked enclosure (diam. c. 30m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, is now completely covered by dense overgrowth.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 26
RMP No	LI020-053
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Feeagh
Parish	Kilmeedy
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	534866, 645657
Distance from proposed road	175m SW
Description	In marshy ground, on E edge of break in E-facing hillside. Site occupies NW corner of small paddock, immediately E of farmyard. Roughly circular area (30m N-S; 28m E-W) enclosed by earth-and-stone bank (int. H 1m; ext. H 1.35m) best preserved at NW and S. Entrance at SW (Wth 5.4m) and cattle gap at N (Wth 2m). Interior, heavily masked by vegetation overgrowth, slopes down to E.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 27
RMP No	LI020-054

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Nantinan
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	534927, 646361
Distance from proposed road	188m NE
Description	In wooded area, on E-facing slope, in area of outcropping limestone. Circular area (diam. 29m) enclosed by two concentric earth-and-stone banks. Inner bank (int. H 0.25m; ext. H 1.6m), best preserved along S arc, lowers and becomes scarp-like NW->NNE (H 0.9m); dip in bank at ESE (Wth 3.2m). Much-denuded outer bank (int. H 0.4m; ext. H 0.55m), c. 1.5m distant from inner bank, is overlain by field wall WSW->NW. Interior, covered by mature deciduous trees, has lower N third separated from remainder by scarped edge (H 1m; Wth 6.1m); loose stones scattered along top of scarp are probably remains of a collapsed dry-stone wall. Davis records entrance to southeast.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 28
RMP No	LI020-055
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballingarrane
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Holy well
ITM Ref	535477, 645630
Distance from proposed road	145m NE
Description	In low-lying marshy pasture, on W bank of river. Circular area (diam. 10m), enclosed by low roughly-coursed stone wall, with spring at centre. Access to well, through opening in wall (Wth 1.05m) flanked by concrete piers, at N. Spring covered by roughly-built circular structure with a domed top; access via splayed opening (H 1.4m; Wth 0.5m) on N side with three steps leading down to spring (1.5m N-S; 1.4m E-W). Base of spring is roughly covered with stone slabs. Celtic cross atop dome, with date plaque underneath commemorating its erection in May 1982. Older stone plaque, set in wall to W of opening, decorated with carving of fish, and inscribed "This work was erected by Mr Matt Flood in honour of St James Apostle 1750". Described in 1840 as 'still much restored to on the 25th July (Saint James's Day) ... its waters are believed to be efficacious in curing sores of every description' (OSL, vol. 2, 4). Ó Danachair (1955, 204) adds that prayers at the well 'on the feast day or the following Sunday' were often followed by 'a hurling match, with a dance in the evening'; he also lists a number of legends associated with the well, including 'a large trout in the water' and tradition that well moved when 'filled in by the landlord' to a location 'close by'.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 29
RMP No	LI020-057
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Graigeen
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort - cashel
ITM Ref	535477, 644722
Distance from proposed road	156m W
Description	<p>In pasture, on gentle SW-facing slope, in area of outcropping limestone. Circular area (diam. 35m) enclosed by broad flat-topped stone bank (int. H 1m; ext. H 0.9m; Wth top 7.15m). Bank best preserved E->S, narrows along NW arc (Wth 4.7m). Ground immediately outside enclosure W->NNW has been cleared by mechanical digger and boulders dumped atop and at external base of bank at NNE and also at SE. No evident break or entrance in enclosing bank. Farm passage passes c. 10m away on W side of enclosure on line of removed field boundary. Interior, covered with nettles, with mature sycamore tree at centre. Associated with field system in surrounding landscape.</p> <p>Davis records a probable entrance at the northwest and that the site is part of an extensive archaeological complex.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 30
RMP No	LI020-058
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballingarrane
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	536137, 644447
Distance from proposed road	240m E
Description	<p>In pasture, on break in NNW-facing slope. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 25m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled. However, a low earthen bank (int. H 0.15m; ext. H 0.3m) survives W->NE (diam. 24m E-W). Interior level and under pasture. An ESB pole stands in SE quadrant. Only slight circular enclosed area recoded on LiDAR.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 31
RMP No	LI020-087

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Graigue
Parish	Clonshire
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	541629, 644636
Distance from proposed road	165m N
Description	In pasture, on S-facing slope, in area of outcropping limestone. Roughly rectangular area (35m N-S; 34m E-W) enclosed by dry-stone wall (H 0.9m; Wth. 1m) NE->S and by recent linear boundary hedge WSW->NW. Cattle crush has been erected along the line of the removed enclosing wall S->WSW. Interior under pasture, slopes down to S. Well preserved to east, but largely denuded to west.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 32
RMP No	LI020-088
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Graigue
Parish	Clonshire
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	541677, 644522
Distance from proposed road	40m N
Description	In pasture, on S-facing hill slope. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled. No trace of monument evident when inspected. LIDAR indicates the monument is truncated to the east and possibly quarried in the centre. Broad external fosse, 6.2 m across preserved to SW. Internal diameter c. 21 m.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 33
RMP No	LI020-095
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Clonshire More
Parish	Clonshire
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort

ITM Ref	542788, 645257
Distance from proposed road	62m S
Description	In pasture, atop hill. Roughly circular area (32m E-W) enclosed by earth-and-stone bank (int. H 0.7m; ext. H 0.95m). Bank incorporated into field boundary system SW->NNW; continuation of field boundary to NNW now removed. Break in bank at ESE (Wth 3.5m). Interior, overgrown with bushes, is strewn with loose stones; it rises towards centre where there is rock outcropping. Four low (max. H 0.2m; L c. 14m) earth-and-stone banks, c. 5m apart, cross interior on N-S axis; these may be remains of cultivation beds. Suggestion of internal structure at the north
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 34
RMP No	LI020-113
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Kyletaun
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Crannóg - Illaunacrinne (Oilean an Chrainn)
ITM Ref	536254, 642771
Distance from proposed road	114m NW
Description	In a low-lying area of marshy pasture, bounded by deep drainage dykes to the S and E and by the embankment of a disused railway line to the W. A roughly circular platform (26m N-S; 27.5m E-W) defined by a gradually sloping scaped edge (H 0.9m; Wth 6.7m). The surface of the platform is very uneven but generally slopes up towards the centre. Its surface is scattered with loose stones and the make-up of the platform appears to be a dump of stones. According to the landowner the mound formerly had a boat house standing on the top. The site is been subject to flooding (Anon 1901-4, 285-6). Possible causeway to NE.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 35
RMP No	LI020-115
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Wolfesburgess East
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Redundant record
ITM Ref	537231, 642621
Distance from proposed road	0m

Description	Described as 'mounds; may be drainage clearance' in report on the Rathkeale By-pass. Inspection in 1998 confirmed that these were mounds produced by drainage of the river and of no archaeological significance (Denis Power Dec. 2008).
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 36
RMP No	LI020-135
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Feeagh
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Mill
ITM Ref	535191, 646016
Distance from proposed road	200m NE
Description	On S bank of stream flowing NW to join River Deel. Fragmentary remains of rectangular structure survive in area between stream to N and steep rocky face to S; entire area covered by mature deciduous trees. West end of rectangular building (6m N-S) whose walls are reduced to foundation level except for short section (L c. 2m) of N wall which stands to c. 1.9m. North wall traceable for c. 5m; S wall traceable for 5.5m to where a square brick-built structure (L 2m) has been built on its line; this contains a hydraulic ram which supplied water to Nantinan House until c. 1970. On E side of brick structure, and c. 1.6m from it, is another section of low walling (L c. 2m; H c. 4m) which appears to be continuation of S wall of structure to W. Entire area strewn with loose rubble stone.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 37
RMP No	LI020-137
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballycannon
Parish	Croagh
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	539594, 643067
Distance from proposed road	185m S
Description	In level pasture. Monument, depicted as semi-circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on N side of E-W field boundary on 1841 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled and field boundary removed. No trace of monument evident when inspected and no trace on LiDAR

Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file Davis2017
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AH No	AH 38
RMP No	LI020-152
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rathkeale
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Redundant record
ITM Ref	537148, 642526
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	In report on the Rathkeale By-pass it was noted that a 'low lying marshy area ... may have Fulacht Fiadh.' This area is now covered by the By-pass road and there is no evidence that any archaeological monuments were discovered here during road construction so this record has been made a redundant record.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 39
RMP No	LI021-005
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Tuogh (Kenry By.)
Parish	Adare
Barony	Kenry
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	543866, 646407
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	<p>In gently undulating pasture, atop slight rise. Monument, depicted as circular enclosure (diam. c. 30m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, now survives as wedge-shaped area (34m N-S; 23m E-W) enclosed NE->SW by arc of curving earthen bank (int. H 0.5m; ext. H 0.45m), and is defined on W and N sides by dry-stone field walls which meet at NW. Remains of a dry-stone wall runs along top of bank. Interior is level and covered by mature trees.</p> <p>Access to this feature was not possible during the site inspection. Geophysical survey carried out directly adjacent to the ringfort revealed a possible ditch. This is likely to be of post-medieval origin and not associated with the ringfort.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 40
RMP No	LI021-010

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546322, 647176
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	No detail given within the SMR file. However, the site is marked on the first edition OS map and appears to have been removed due to the construction of the railway.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 41-42
RMP No	LI021-011001/2
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Mondellihy
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Two enclosures
ITM Ref	547207, 647332
Distance from proposed road	13m – 50m S
Description	The features may be conjoined. AH 42 measures c.29m in diameter, surrounded by an earth and stone bank. The interior appears to have been artificially levelled to compensate for the natural slope. AH 41 measures c.34m in diameter. Noted as part of the 'Mondellihy Rings'. It was noted during the site inspection that the banks of these ringforts are evident with scattered trees located across the monuments. The features are located on a slight rise at the corner of the field and are quite denuded.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017, site inspection

AH No	AH 43
RMP No	LI021-014
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Kilgobbin
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	548482, 647846

Distance from proposed road	120m N
Description	Located in low lying pasture land with poor views in all directions. The enclosure is described as roughly circular with possible scarp edges, situated on a low natural rise. The interior gently undulates, clear of undergrowth. Substantially levelled. NW section of interior platform remains along with fosse, but central area seems to have been quarried. Original enclosed area c.42m diameter with fosse 8m across.
Source	SMR files, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 44
RMP No	LI021-015
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rineroe
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	548792, 647626
Distance from proposed road	13m S
Description	Probable ringfort. Located 40 m NW of location recorded on the 1994 RMP. 36.5 m diameter central platform surrounded by shallow fosse.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 45 (also EX 16)
RMP No	LI021-017
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Gorteen
Parish	Croom
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Moated site
ITM Ref	549915, 647866
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	The site appears to be a medieval moated site, enclosed by a ditch and external bank. Excavations were carried out by A Gahan in 1998 (Bennett 1998:399). The site, marked in the OS Memoirs as a possible ringfort had been uncovered during trial trenching. Only a portion of site was excavated within the road take area (60 x 15m area). The trench revealed part of a rectangular ditched enclosure, the longest extent of which ran SE for a distance of 31.5m. A smaller section of the ditch ran SW for 13.5m. The ditch was V to U shaped, and had a width of 2.38 to 3.72m. Parts of the inner face had been revetted with stone. Stone rubble in ditch fill suggested a possible internal bank. Mention is made of a possible external bank feature. Two earlier shallow truncated pits were also

	recorded. Sherds of 13th/14th century pottery recovered from topsoil. Enclosing elements and corn drying kilns were also excavated by L McKinstry (08E0174).
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 46
RMP No	LI021-018
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Islandea
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	145612, 147159
Distance from proposed road	250m N
Description	Probable ringfort, almost entirely levelled, very slight enclosure visible measuring 34.9m in diameter and located 30m north of the recorded RMP location.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 47
RMP No	LI021-021
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	550569, 648427
Distance from proposed road	195m N
Description	No details given, however the feature is marked on the first edition OS map. By the compilation of the second edition a railway has been constructed across the area which appears to have impacted the enclosure.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 48
RMP No	LI021-118
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Islandea
Parish	Adare

Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	545574, 647205
Distance from proposed road	180m N
Description	Located in level pasture land. Moderate views in all directions. The site is defined as an ovoid rocky area as distinct from the surrounding land. There is no obvious enclosing element, possibly very damaged. Known locally as a 'sand pit'. Possibly quarried in past.
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 49
RMP No	LI021-121
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Monearla
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	549341, 647608
Distance from proposed road	170m S
Description	Feature is not depicted on OS mapping. Probable ringfort. Very low profile oval enclosure with broad outer fosse. Internal area 27 x 31 m.
Source	SMR files, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 50
RMP No	LI021-122
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Kilonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Redundant record
ITM Ref	551159, 648417
Distance from proposed road	11m S
Description	This was identified during preliminary work on the Adare – Annacotty Scheme and subsequently excavated by James Eogan (96E380) who concluded that it was 'of no archaeological significance'. Therefore made a redundant record.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 51
RMP No	LI029-029
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rathkeale
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Standing stone
ITM Ref	536500, 642323
Distance from proposed road	55m S
Description	In pasture, on gentle NE-facing slope, in area of outcropping limestone. Squat deeply-fissured limestone boulder (H 0.95m; Wth 0.9m; girth 2.9m), with long axis N-S, inclining gently to E.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 52
RMP No	LI029-037
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Blossomhill (Connello Lower By.)
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort
ITM Ref	537819, 642453
Distance from proposed road	110m S
Description	In pasture, on E edge of break in E-facing slope. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 35m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, has been partially levelled. Curved section of earth-and-stone bank (int. H 0.5m; ext. H 0.7m) remains NW->NE. Bank, covered with mature bushes, is truncated S->NW by field boundary travelling on N-S axis. No surface trace of enclosing element NE->S. Interior, under pasture, slopes down towards centre.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 53 (Also Protected Structure BH 38)
RMP No	LI021-032004
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Church

ITM Ref	547018, 646846
Distance from proposed road	169m S
Description	St Nicholas' Church was the Church of Ireland parish church in Adare until 1806. This church is located in St Nicholas' graveyard beside the Adare golf club grounds, and to the north of the castle. The parish church of St Nicholas of Myra was named in honour of a fourth century Archbishop in Asia Minor who is regarded as the patron saint of children. Santa Claus is a corruption of his name. It was built and then rebuilt between the 13th and 16th centuries.
Source	SMR file; http://www.limerickdioceseheritage.org/Adare/CRAhare.htm

AH No	AH 54
RMP No	LI021-032005
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Graveyard
ITM Ref	547041, 646870
Distance from proposed road	112m S
Description	Located in the grounds of St Nicholas' Church, the old parish church in Adare. This graveyard is in good condition. The oldest headstone found in this graveyard was in memory of Cat Dwyer, who died on the 24th of February 1744. There is also a headstone in memory of Margaret Dwyer, who died on March 29th 1739 or 1759, aged 42. A wall encloses the Protestant section of this graveyard. There are also Catholics buried in this section. It is here that the modern burial place of the Earls of Dunraven can be found.
Source	SMR file; http://www.limerickdioceseheritage.org/Adare/gyAdare.htm

AH No	AH 55
RMP No	LI021-032009
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Gatehouse
ITM Ref	546955, 646831
Distance from proposed road	172m S
Description	No details given in SMR file. No evidence for a gatehouse on historic OS maps in the location as defined by the RMP.

Source	SMR file
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AH No	AH 56 (Also Protected Structure BH 37)
RMP No	LI021-032011
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Chapel
ITM Ref	547021, 646878
Distance from proposed road	148m S
Description	This was a Chapel of Ease dating from the 15th century. According to Lenihan, "An ancient chapel stands at a little distance from the castle...in this chapel several members of the Quin family (family name of Dunraven Earls) were buried." It also contained chaplains' quarters located near its eastern end.
Source	SMR file; http://www.limerickdioceseheritage.org/Adare/CRAAdare.htm

AH No	AH 57
RMP No	LI021-143
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546602, 647346
Distance from proposed road	40m N
Description	Located in pasture land on top of a steep W facing slope. Moderate to good views in all directions. The site comprises a rocky ovoid area, 45m diameter, but no obvious defensible enclosure identified. Interior planted with conifers. Substantial modification makes it difficult to determine if any of the monument remains.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 58
RMP No	LI021-144
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare

Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546812, 647336
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	In pasture land on a slight E facing slope. Views are good in all directions, except to W. Not shown on historic OS maps. No evidence of an enclosure identified from LiDAR data or by geophysical survey. Geophysical survey did identify possible ditches or gullies at this location.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 59
RMP No	LI021-145
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Mondellihy
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	547362, 647376
Distance from proposed road	50m S
Description	Located in gently undulating pasture land. Moderate good views in all directions. No clear extant enclosing element visible. This feature was not identified during the LiDAR survey and is not depicted on historic OS maps.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 60
RMP No	LI021-146
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Kilgobbin
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	547619, 647521
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Located in undulating pasture, relatively level area. Views moderate in all directions. No extant trace of enclosing element. Not shown on historic OS maps. No evidence of this enclosure was identified from Lidar data or geophysical survey
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 61-62
RMP No	LI021-147001/2
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Kilgobbin
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Two enclosures
ITM Ref	547752, 647516 and 547753, 647577
Distance from proposed road	AH 61 – 22m S AH 62 – 0m
Description	Located in undulating pasture on a low rise. Views moderate in all directions. No extant trace of enclosing elements. These features are not shown on historic OS maps and were originally identified from aerial photographs as part of the original Adare Bypass constraints study. No evidence for either was identified on LiDAR, however geophysical survey confirmed AH 62 as a circular enclosure c. 27m in diameter with evidence for associated features both within and outside of the enclosure.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 63
RMP No	LI021-148
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	551061, 648446
Distance from proposed road	9m S
Description	Located in pasture land on slight W facing slope. Views moderate to poor in all directions. No extant trace of enclosing element. Described as possible rectangular enclosure, however it is not shown on historic OS maps and not identified on LiDAR survey.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 64
RMP No	LI021-149
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare

Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546302, 647066
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Not shown on historic OS maps. No visible trace on LiDAR. It was noted during the site inspection that the area around AH 64 was uneven with numerous small banks and depressions. A pattern to these was difficult to discern; however, some may represent elements of the enclosure.
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017, site inspection

AH No	AH 65
RMP No	LI021-151001
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546113, 646760
Distance from proposed road	125m S
Description	No details given and feature not marked on OS maps. No visible remains on LiDAR
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 66
RMP No	LI021-151002
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	546191, 646793
Distance from proposed road	117m SE
Description	No details given and feature not marked on OS maps. No visible remains on LiDAR
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 67 (EX 17)
RMP No	LI021-167
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Ring ditch
ITM Ref	551061, 648446
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	The site was revealed during topsoil clearance associated with the Adare to Annacotty Road Improvement Scheme in 1999. The feature had been partially destroyed by machine excavation, but excavation of remainder revealed a penannular ditch of U shaped profile. An external diameter of 7m was recorded. Fourteen 'token' deposits of human cremated bone were recovered from the ditch fill, and one copper alloy artefact. The ditch fill and cremations have been interpreted as Iron Age in date. Licence Ref.: 99E0324.
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 68
RMP No	LI021-173
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ardshanbally
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	546508, 647299
Distance from proposed road	64m N
Description	No details given
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 69 (Also Protected Structure BH 34)
RMP No	LI020-159
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Clonshire More
Parish	Clonshire
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Castle

ITM Ref	542310, 644701
Distance from proposed road	60m E
Description	<p>"This consists of a four storeyed rectangular keep with a five floored stair turret to the west and a three floored pointed opening to the stair turret in the west wall. There is also a spiral stairs in the south west angle of the room which originally led to the first floor but this is blocked with collapsed masonry. The first floor is now overgrown with trees. A round arched doorway led to the eastern addition, the north wall has two large round arched openings, probably windows; the west wall had a doorway to the south-west structure and there was a round arched window, a chimney and a wall cupboard in the south wall.</p> <p>The second floor was supported on corbels in the north and south walls. The east wall of this floor had a flat arched doorway leading to the east section, the south splay of which has a double splayed recess opening to the keep and to the east and holds a stone basin. The suggestion by the owner that there was a chapel in the castle would seem to be strengthened by the occurrence of this feature. There is a small wall cupboard to the south of the doorway. The south wall has twin-light ogee-headed window with hollow spandrels and window seats and there may have been similar windows in the north wall but they are now blocked and the jambs are missing. There is a fireplace in the south wall and a door opening to the south west structure. The third floor was supported on timbers set into putlog holes and the room was lit by small deeply splayed rectangular slits in the north, south and east walls. There may have been a fireplace in the south wall.</p> <p>Only the north and east walls of the eastern building survive: the south wall is represented by low footings and a section of masonry jutting out of the keep wall at second floor level. The ground floor was barrel vaulted and there appears to have been an opening in the north wall. The first floor appears to have been lit from the north by two openings; that on the east is round arched and splayed. The floor above was supported on tapering corbels and was lit from the north by a splayed opening and from the east by a flat lintelled cusped ogee-headed single-light window with hollow spandrels. The walls are broken above this level."</p> <p>It was noted during the site inspection that clear views of the Castle can be seen from the local road to the west, over which the proposed road passes, as can views from the proposed road to the northwest towards the Castle. Views from the Castle directly west are blocked by a belt of mature trees.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, site inspection

AH No	AH 70 (EX 18)
RMP No	LI021-179
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Kilgobbin
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Excavation
ITM Ref	548255, 647563
Distance from proposed road	0m

Description	<p>Pits excavated by C MacManus (1999/508). The area lay along the line of the proposed N20/N21 road realignment and had been discovered during topsoil-stripping monitoring. The site survived as a roughly circular ring of black, charcoal-rich soil, c. 5m in diameter, with a small, circular pit to the south of this. Approximately 50m to the east of the site another large circular pit was found and excavated.</p> <p>Excavation of the spread revealed the existence of three very badly truncated pits, set out in a triangle, all filled by a charcoal-rich, silty clay, and a number of small random post-holes. As the pits were so badly truncated, it proved difficult to determine their extent and even more so their function. The presence of the small post-holes on site suggests that this may be the remains of a structure, where perhaps the spreads represent the remains of slots as opposed to pits.</p> <p>As no immediately datable material was recovered from the site, it is not possible at present to tell what period this activity is from.</p>
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 71 (EX16)
RMP No	LI021-180
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Gorteen
Parish	Croom
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Kiln
ITM Ref	549915, 647866
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	<p>Monitoring of topsoil-stripping in this area revealed the existence of what may be a corn-drying kiln, c. 20m to the north of moated site AH 45. The cut of the kiln was orientated west-east, was 3.5m long and varied from 1.28m to 1.9m wide. The western half of the cut was more bulbous than the eastern, which was elongated, giving it an hourglass shape. The base of the pit was somewhat undulating, although within the more circular, eastern end the base was more bowl-shaped.</p> <p>Roughly hewn blocks of limestone lined the sides of the kiln, forming the foundations for the main structure. The stones survived as two courses along the eastern half of the pit sides, as well as along the southern edge of the pit. The bulbous, eastern end of the pit and the more elongated, western end of the pit were divided in section by a column of loosely stacked stones. The fill of the pit contained charcoal-rich deposits and stone rubble collapsed from the upper half of the structure.</p>
Source	SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 72-73 (EX 15)
RMP No	LI021-181001/2
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ballycarrane

Parish	Croom
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	<i>Fulachtaí fia</i>
ITM Ref	549561, 647846
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	<p>AH 73, had a very shallow spread of burnt material (rather than a mound) that measured 7.5m in diameter and 0.15m in maximum depth. One cut feature uncovered beneath the spread may originally have been a trough; however, this was impossible to determine as it was badly truncated on its northern side. This side of the burnt spread had also been disturbed and displaced, probably by water action during the rising and falling of the adjacent river.</p> <p>AH 72 was a much larger site with a mound measuring c. 12m in maximum diameter and 0.73m in maximum depth. It had also been very disturbed by water action on its southern and south-western side, again the side exposed to the fluctuating river levels. A number of distinct phases of activity were identified on this site. The earliest were a number of subsoil-cut features, some of which may have been natural, while others were stake-holes in a linear arrangement aligned east-west at the northern end of the site. These features were separated from the fulacht fia activity by a layer of peat and in some places by a layer of finely crushed shells. A second phase of activity is represented by a deep, rectangular pit (2.7m x 0.8m and at least 1m deep) dug through the peat and the underlying subsoil. The fill of this pit was a mixture of redeposited subsoil and peat, indicating that it had probably been backfilled shortly after it had been dug, during which time a small, polished stone axehead was deliberately placed in the fill.</p> <p>No other artefacts or animal bone were recovered from either of these fulachtaí fia. No additional pits, which could have served as troughs, survived.</p>
Source	www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 74 (EX 5)
RMP No	LI010-134
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ballyellinan
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Pit
ITM Ref	531140, 649523
Distance from proposed road	131m N
Description	A 'fire-pit' excavated by Graham Hull (Licence Ref.: 02E0873)
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 75 (EX 12)
RMP No	LI020 – 163001

Statutory protection	No
Townland	Baunreagh
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Burnt spread
ITM Ref	533246, 648353
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Excavated by Brian Halpin (02E0741) when 'topsoil-stripping on Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West uncovered a burnt spread in Baunreagh townland, Co. Limerick. The spread measured 5.2m north-west/south-east along the limit of excavation. It is estimated that it had a possible extent of 1.6m north-south. It was composed of a very thin deposit of charcoal-rich material and heat-shattered stones. The site was cleaned to reveal an irregular spread lying on a grey/white silty clay. Pipe-laying works disturbed large sections of the spread, with two large digger buckets of material being scooped out of the centre. Investigations at the site did not reveal any troughs or features associated with the burnt spread.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 76 (EX 12)
RMP No	LI020-163002
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Baunreagh
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Burnt spread
ITM Ref	533246, 648353
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Excavated by Brian Halpin (02E0741), approximately 30m north-west of the above site (AH 75) was AH 76. Six shallow pits/depressions cut into the yellow/grey clay subsoil were excavated. These features were very irregular in shape, with no discernible cut. All contained heat-shattered stone and charcoal-rich material, indicating fulacht fiadh activity. All were fairly shallow, and the largest had a maximum length of 3.8m north-south. It is probable that they were contemporary with the adjacent fulacht fiadh activity. None shows any evidence of function, and they may be undulations in the natural, filled in with burnt material. The site is in very wet, boggy land.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie
AH No	AH 77 (EX 11)
RMP No	LI019-267
Statutory protection	No

Townland	Baunreagh
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Pit
ITM Ref	533114, 648488
Distance from proposed road	14m N
Description	According to Graham Hull (Licence Ref. 02E0661) 'this site was examined as part of Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West. An isolated bowl-shaped pit, 0.44m in diameter and 0.15m deep, was excavated. The fill was a fine, mid-brown silt with occasional charcoal inclusions. No artefacts were recovered, and it is not possible to date the feature. The presence of fire-oxidised clay to the south-west, however, suggests in situ burning.'
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 78-79 (EX 10)
RMP No	LI019-268/269
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Baunreagh
Parish	Askeaton
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	<i>Fulachtaí fia</i>
ITM Ref	532803, 648790
Distance from proposed road	225m N
Description	<p>AH 78 - Excavated by Brian Halpin (Licence Ref. 02E0750) when 'topsoil-stripping of Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West uncovered a spread of burnt material associated with <i>fulacht fia</i> activity. This site, a thin spread of charcoal-rich material with heat-shattered stone, was partially exposed at the edge of the pipeline corridor and measured c. 10m in diameter. No trough or other features were encountered. A small stream lying c. 6m to the west of the site continually flooded the area, making excavation extremely difficult.' Grogan, E., O'Donnell, L. & Johnston, P. (2007) The Bronze Age Landscapes of the Pipeline to the West, Wordwell, p258.</p> <p>AH 79 - Discovered by Brian Halpin (Licence Ref. 02E0750) during 'topsoil-stripping of Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West ... when a further small burnt spread was situated c. 17m west of the above site (AH 78), on the opposite side of the stream. After this area had been cordoned off, heavy machinery destroyed all trace of the possible archaeology.'</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 80 (EX 3)
RMP No	LI010-140
Statutory protection	No

Townland	Rincullia
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Isolated pit and stakes
ITM Ref	528231, 649430
Distance from proposed road	70m S
Description	An isolated pit and stakes excavated by Emer Dennehy (Licence Ref.: 02E0752) and described as 'a pit 0.3m deep. Five stakes, averaging 0.08m in diameter and with a maximum depth of 0.25m, were driven into the base of the pit. All of the stakes-holes were filled with the same charcoal-rich, silty peat, indicating that they were likely to have been burnt in situ. Subsequently the pit had been left open and filled naturally over time. Although there is no clear indication of function for this pit, it can be concluded that there was deliberate human action and forethought involved in the use of the site.'
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 81, 82, 83 (EX 4)
RMP No	LI010-141001-3
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Rincullia
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Burnt mound, pits, trackway
ITM Ref	529743, 648955
Distance from proposed road	90m N
Description	<p>AH 81 - A burnt mound excavated by Emer Dennehy (Licence Ref.: 02E0670) and described as 'a circular mound, 16m in diameter and 0.84m deep. It was composed of 70% limestone and 30% sandstone in a charcoal-enriched matrix. Six phases of activity were identified in the mound. A shallow rectangular trough was present at the base of the mound, measuring 4.3m north-south by 2.45m.'</p> <p>AH 82 - Pits excavated by Emer Dennehy (Licence Ref.: 02E0670) and described as 'a complex of six roasting pits excavated into the underlying gravel. The pits were subcircular, averaging 1.5m north-south by 1.2m, with an average depth of 0.4m. The roasting pits would not have retained water and were filled with burnt sandstone and limestone in a charcoal-enriched matrix.'</p> <p>AH 83 - A limestone trackway excavated by Emer Dennehy (Licence Ref.: 02E0670) and described as 'a trackway composed of two courses of fractured limestone bedrock, measuring 10m north-south by 15.5m. It served to connect the roasting pits of Area B to the debris mound of Area A. The need for the construction of the trackway arose during Phase 2 of the history of the site. It provided a secure, level footing to combat adverse weather conditions, the encroachment of peat and the seasonal flooding from the nearby stream.'</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 84
RMP No	LI010-144
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	527057, 649798
Distance from proposed road	79m NE
Description	D Power, 2009, "According to Lar Dunne 'the landowner identified a number of coherent enclosure sites in the adjacent field some 150m east of AH 3. These features were clearly visible on an aerial photograph obtained for the assessment'". Ringfort in pasture, with associated field system to north and possibly SW. 34 m diameter. Possible rectangular building within southern enclosure and conjoined enclosure to north, 24 m diameter
Source	SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 85-86 (EX 13)
RMP No	LI020-175/177
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Milltown North
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	<i>Fulacht fia</i>
ITM Ref	533814, 647719
Distance from proposed road	AH 85 – 110m SW AH 86 – 135m SW
Description	AH 85- <i>Fulacht fia</i> excavated by Brian Halpin (02E0643) when 'topsoil-stripping on Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West uncovered a <i>fulacht fia</i> in Milltown North townland, Co. Limerick. This site was the disturbed remains of a <i>fulacht fia</i> , with a trough and associated features. The site probably contained a large mound, lost through later agricultural activity. This was evident from traces of burnt material remaining in the baulk at the limit of excavation to the south of the site. The only visible remnants of the monument were the cut features that held the burnt material. Numerous natural undulations in the subsoil throughout the site also contained burnt material. A sub-oval trough measuring 2.3m east-west by 1.86m, with a maximum depth of 0.36m, was uncovered in the eastern area of the site. It had gently sloping sides and an unlined, flat base and contained numerous fills typically associated with a trough. All of the fills contained charcoal-rich material with heat-shattered stones throughout. Numerous other pits were excavated, all irregular in shape and containing frequent amounts of burnt material. The other features associated with the site do not seem to have a regular pattern or discernible function. In the centre of the site a highly irregular, sublinear feature emerged. It measured 10m north-south by 1.1m, with a maximum depth of 0.45m. It contained the same burnt material as the

	<p>surrounding features and had a long channel running down its centre. Originally thought to have been a kiln, it was found to be a probable irrigation ditch on further investigation. Owing to the limit of excavation, this feature was only partially excavated.'</p> <p>AH 86 - Excavation by Graham Hull (02E0644) as part of Bord Gáis Éireann's Pipeline to the West. 'A single sherd of prehistoric pottery was recovered from the surface of a feature fill during monitoring by Kenneth Wiggins. A discrete cut feature was subsequently excavated and revealed to be an irregular and shallow scoop or possibly two very small and truncated post-holes. The feature measured 0.9m (north-south) by 0.7m and had a maximum depth of 0.15m. The fill was a fine, light to mid-brown, silty clay with occasional charcoal flecking and very small fragments of decayed limestone. No artefacts were observed during excavation, but, as Bronze Age pottery had been found at the top of the fill during monitoring, it was decided to take a 100% sample of the fill. Sieving of the sample may produce further artefactual evidence that will facilitate interpretation of this isolated feature. The pottery sherd is Beaker, which has been documented in Ireland from c. 2500/2450 BC and remained in use for several centuries (A.L. Brindley, pers. comm.).'</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 87 (EX9)
RMP No	LI010-149
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ballycullen
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	531859, 649432
Distance from proposed road	40m S
Description	Excavation by Brian Halpin (02E0748) and described as 'heat-shattered stones and charcoal-rich material, typically associated with a fulacht fiadh.'
Source	SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 88
RMP No	LI020-176
Statutory protection	Yes (subject to Preservation Order No. 4/1977)
Townland	Milltown North
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Souterrain
ITM Ref	534100,647156
Distance from proposed road	230m W

Description	Discovered within a cashel (LI020-004001-) and then rediscovered in 1976 when it was 'covered in' (NMI top. files). A sword, now in the National Museum of Ireland, was discovered in this souterrain (Donnelly 1994, vol. 2, 152). There is no evident trace of the souterrain within the cashel.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 89
RMP No	LI020-094
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Clonshire
Parish	Clonshire
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Settlement deserted - medieval
ITM Ref	Precise location unknown
Distance from proposed road	71m E
Description	<p>Historic settlement of Clonshire described in the Urban Survey of Limerick as following; 'Clonshire is located to the south west of Limerick off the Limerick to Tralee road. According to O'Donovan the name is derived from Cluain siar, the "western meadow" but the earliest recorded form of the name Cluonsiebra hints at a different origin (MacCaffrey 1907, 26, 28). The land seems to have belonged to the church throughout the Middle Ages and it was probably the bishops of Limerick who were responsible for the development of the settlement there (ibid.; Westropp 1906-7, 219). The earliest evidence for the presence of a borough occurs in a plea roll of 1252 which mentions five burgages at "Clonchere" (Westropp 1906-7, 219). In the Limerick rental of 1418 the burgagery of Cluaincheur was worth 25s 3d. (MacCaffrey 1907, 157) which suggests that the settlement may have survived the vicissitudes of the fourteenth century which caused so many settlements to be abandoned. References to the settlement cease, however, after this date although the church (LI021-029001-) and castle (LI020-159----) continue to crop up in documents. It is possible that this was a dispersed borough because the known elements, the castle, mill and church are some distance from one another. Topographically, however, the likelihood is that settlement was concentrated in the vicinity of the castle' (Bradley et. al. 1989, 103-04).</p> <p>Westropp recorded the following details about Clonshire; '1201 Cluonsiebra held by the Church of Limerick (B.B.L., p. 14). Reg. de S. Jacobo granted a mark off Clonshire to said cathedral (Ib., I, xi.). 1252 Suit of Adam f. Rob. Ruffi Capell and T. Oregon, or Orachan, as to five burgages in Clonchere (Plea R., m. 5d). 1336 The manor of Cluaincheur held by Bishop de Rupefort (Rental). 1586 Clonchere encastellan (Peyton, 197). 1608 Leased by the Bishop to W. Clarke (Vis. Reg., 1615). 1641 Jas. Crowe held it (Dep., 268). 1655 Clonshirebegg and Bohirbradagh, with two orchards, held by Captain W. Piggott in right of his wife (C.S., 52). 1659 Clonshiremore held by Captain T. Walcott with a mill and Loughill (Rev. Exch. Orders, p. 51)' (Westropp 1906-7, 219).</p> <p>No evidence for a deserted settlement was identified within the proposed road boundary in this area during LiDAR or geophysical survey.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 90
RMP No	LI020-003
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Milltown North
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort- rath
ITM Ref	533995, 647310
Distance from proposed road	219m SW
Description	In pasture, on SE-facing slope into river valley. Oval area (29.5m N-S; 22.5m E-W) enclosed by earth-and-stone bank, with external fosse (D 0.55m; Wth 2.8m) SW->N and ENE->E. Bank (int. H 1.1m; ext. H 1.55m), best preserved N->SW, lowers SW->W. Fosse, best preserved SW->N, has dry-stone boundary wall running along base WSW->NNW and clipping outer edge N->ENE and S->SW. Entrance (Wth 3.2m) at SE, with stone kerbing on S edge. Interior, covered with mature deciduous trees, slopes down to SE. Enclosure is contained within small square field (L c. 30m) bounded by dry-stone wall. A similar walled-in enclosure lies 700m to WNW (LI020-001).
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 91 (Also Protected Structure BH 41)
RMP No	LI021-032003
National Monument No.	622
Statutory protection	Yes (RMP, National Monument, RPS)
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Castle - Anglo-Norman masonry castle
ITM Ref	546975, 646763
Distance from proposed road	199m S
Description	National monument in state ownership No. 622. Adare Castle described in the Urban Survey (Bradley et. al. 1989, 3-15) as following: 'Desmond castle is situated on low-lying ground on the north bank of the Maigue river just above Adare bridge. It is in poor condition and is heavily overgrown. It consists of a sub-rectangular enclosure, measuring about 90m E-W by 65m N-S externally, with the north-west corner cut off by a water-filled moat to form a rounded inner ward measuring 33.5m E-W by 31.5m N-S. Both inner and outer wards are surrounded by curtain walls, which are virtually intact, and both are entered through rectangular gatehouses. At the east side of the inner ward is a large square keep of 13th century date, as is much of the curtain wall. Along the south side of the outer ward, fronting the river, is a range of buildings possibly of later medieval date, while much of the outer curtain on the north and east may also

	be of later medieval date. The masonry of all structures is predominantly of roughly coursed limestone rubble.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 92
RMP No	LI010-009
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Durnish
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	525978,651401
Distance from proposed road	155m W
Description	In rough uneven terrain, with frequent outcrops of limestone. Roughly oval area (26m N-S; 23m E-W) enclosed by collapsed stone wall (Wth c. 1.3m; H c. 0.5m). Wall is covered by thicket of bushes and difficult to access in places. Interior surface uneven, stony and overgrown with bushes.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 93
RMP No	LI010-0690002
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Graveyard
ITM Ref	527009,650003
Distance from proposed road	235m NE
Description	Situated on low rise of ground overlooking Robertstown River mudflats with Robertstown Castle (LI010-013----) 135m to NNW. Sub-rectangular shaped area (approx. dims. 56m N-S x 58m E-W) enclosed by post-1700 graveyard wall with entrance gate at E end of N wall. Medieval church ruins of Robertstown Church (LI010-069001-) stands in centre of graveyard. Memorials date from the 18th century to modern times.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 94 (EX 26)
RMP No	LI010-142

Statutory protection	No
Townland	Robertstown
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Burnt mound
ITM Ref	526787, 649360
Distance from proposed road	230m SW
Description	A spread of burnt-mound material excavated by Emer Dennehy (02E0832) and described as 'a subcircular, grey/brown, silty clay patch with charcoal flecking, measuring 1.2m north-south by 0.8m. Further investigation revealed a pit 0.3m deep. Five stakes, averaging 0.08m in diameter and with a maximum depth of 0.25m, were driven into the base of the pit. All of the stakes-holes were filled with the same charcoal-rich, silty peat, indicating that they were likely to have been burnt in situ. Subsequently the pit had been left open and filled naturally over time. Although there is no clear indication of function for this pit, it can be concluded that there was deliberate human action and forethought involved in the use of the site.'
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 95
RMP No	LI020-056002
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Nantinan
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower/Shanid
Classification	Graveyard
ITM Ref	535386, 645876
Distance from proposed road	225m E
Description	In demesne of Nantinan House, approached from public road (R518) to S via narrow passage (Wth 6m; L 30m); road gateway flanked by cut-stone piers. Graveyard proper consists of a roughly-square area (54m N-S; 52m E-W) enclosed by a mortared coursed stone wall (H 1.8m). Disused C of I parish church of Nantinan at N end (LI020-056001-), probably built on site of earlier parish church. Noticeable dip in SW quadrant of graveyard. A number of box tombs immediately to S and W of church; earliest legible date is on Fitzgerald vault (1809) near S end of E wall. Nineteenth century headstones concentrate to S of church.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 96
RMP No	LI020-060

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballingarrane
Parish	Nantinan
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	536237, 644324
Distance from proposed road	250m E
Description	In scrub, on S-facing slope in area of outcropping limestone. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, is now completely masked by dense overgrowth of trees and thorn bushes. Raised area of loose stone (H c. 1m) is visible at approximately S end of enclosure; according to local information this is remains of a lime kiln demolished in late 1970s. Northern section levelled. Southern section well-preserved under forestry
Source	www.archaeology.ie, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 97
RMP No	LI020-116
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Amogan Beg
Parish	Croagh
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	538615, 642546
Distance from proposed road	240m S
Description	In pasture, in gently undulating terrain. Kink in field boundary W-NW suggests arc of enclosure; faint cropmark on aerial photograph (LAS) suggests continuation of line of enclosure from E-W (diam. c. 30m). No trace of enclosure evident when inspected on the ground or on LiDAR data.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 98
RMP No	LI021-002
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Tuogh
Parish	Adare
Barony	Kenry
Classification	Mill- unclassified

ITM Ref	543223, 646357
Distance from proposed road	250m N
Description	There are no evident standing remains of mill which is depicted on 1840 OS map as "Tough Mill (in ruins)".
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 99
RMP No	LI021-020
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Killeen
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	550231, 647672
Distance from proposed road	250m S
Description	Eastern side of the monument recorded on historic OS maps, SMR file notes the identification is uncertain. The LiDAR survey records the eastern side of the enclosure with some internal differentiation. The surviving portion is 49m N-S with the form suggesting the E-W measurement would have been greater.
Source	www.archaeology.ie, SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 100
RMP No	LI021-025001
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Settlement deserted - medieval
ITM Ref	551086, 648060
Distance from proposed road	250m S
Description	Complex of earthen and stone linear mounds some of which appear to be boundaries and some of which may be structural. Occupies an area of c. 1500 sq m
Source	www.archaeology.ie, SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 101 (EX 19)
RMP No	LI021-185

Statutory protection	No
Townland	Ballybronoge South
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Hearth
ITM Ref	551109, 648387
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Hearth excavated by R MacLeod (08E0171). The hearth measured 0.8m long, 0.7m wide and 0.14m deep and contained a single charcoal-rich fill. The post-hole was circular in shape and measured 0.31m in diameter and 0.21m in depth. It contained a single silty clay fill with occasional charcoal flecking throughout.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 102
RMP No	LI012-085
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballybronoge North
Parish	Croom
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	549484, 643642
Distance from proposed road	157m N
Description	Probable ringfort with central platform, c.19m diameter surrounded by a fosse which is 3.8m across. Possibly open to the east
Source	Davis 2017

AH No	AH 103 (EX 22)
RMP No	LI021-177
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551305, 648479
Distance from proposed road	45m SE

Description	Monitoring of the topsoil strip along the N20/N21 Limerick bypass uncovered the site approximately 200m E of the N21. The site consisted of an elongated mound 17 x 9 x 0.35m, consisting of a mix of heat shattered limestone and charcoal rich soil. A small trough (2.1 x 1 x 0.28m) was found on SW quadrant under mound. To the north of the trough a substantial oval pit aligned NE-SW was recorded which contained mound deposits but also elements of worked animal bone. To the E of the pit edge some 12 stakeholes were excavated. These did not have an overall pattern but may have been part of a windbreak feature. C MacManus 99E0171.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 104
RMP No	LI021-027
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	551472, 648460
Distance from proposed road	185m SE
Description	In undulating pasture land, on a slight SW facing slope. Good views in all directions. Probably a tree ring (still mature deciduous tree stand) on the Attyflin estate. Measures 30m x 30m
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 105 (EX 25)
RMP No	LI021-183
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551412, 648761
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Excavated as part of the N20/N21 Adare–Annacotty road scheme. The mound measures c. 15m x 13m and is slightly crescent-shaped. It was constructed of layers of heat-shattered stone, within charcoal-stained soils. Within the hollow area of the crescent, roughly on the northern side of the mound, a trough was uncovered. This measured c. 4m east-west and was 3.2m at its widest north-south. The trough was shelved or stepped, being 0.4m below present ground level, dropping to 0.7m at its deepest.

Source	www.archaeology.ie, www.excavations.ie
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AH No	AH 106 (EX 24)
RMP No	LI021-178
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551412, 648761
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Excavated as part of the N20/N21 Adare–Annacotty road scheme. A low mound, 25m x 31m, with a heavy coverage of young elm trees and shrubs was identified in advance of the construction of the N21. Two distinct phases of archaeological activity were recorded during testing. The first saw the deposition of burnt mound material, consisting of loose, heat-shattered and burnt stone within a matrix of black, greasy, charcoal-stained, peat-like soil, creating a mound 1.16m high. This activity indicates the presence of a burnt mound, most probably a fulacht fiadh. At a later stage, a second phase of activity occurred with the cutting of a shallow hollow or pit with a formalised stone kerbing found along the top of the mound, along the southern edge of the trench
Source	www.archaeology.ie, www.excavations.ie

AH No	AH 107 (EX 21)
RMP No	LI012-138
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Designed landscape feature
ITM Ref	551355, 648765
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	This site was excavated by Audrey Gahan (97E0292) as part of the N20/N21 Adare–Annacotty road scheme in 1997. The feature consisted of a series of low banks which turned out to be part of a post-medieval garden feature.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 108
RMP No	LI012-088

Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	551481, 649253
Distance from proposed road	180m NW
Description	Recorded on the first edition OS as a hachured enclosure. No information in the SMR file.
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 109 (EX 20)
RMP No	LI021-186
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551723, 649122
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	The site consisted of approximately one fifth of a horseshoe-shaped burnt mound which had been partially excavated on the northern side by Cia Mc Conway, ADS Ltd (Excavations 1997, No. 326, 96E0379), during works on the N20 in 1996–7. It measured 13.4m long, 5.6m wide and 0.5m deep, with a substantial amount of heat-shattered stone in a matrix of charcoal-rich silt. Upon excavation, three pits, ranging in size from 2.3–2.4m long, 0.65–3.5m wide and 0.4–1m deep, were revealed beneath the mound. All contained similar burnt-mound material. The majority of the burnt-mound feature is preserved in situ to the north of the pipeline. Two linear features were also identified. These have been interpreted as post-medieval field boundaries
Source	www.archaeology.ie

AH No	AH 110
RMP No	LI012-099
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Megalithic structure

ITM Ref	551755, 649056
Distance from proposed road	54m SE
Description	Two superimposed large boulders, standing c. 6ft high, with loose stones around the base.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/SMR file

AH No	AH 111 (EX 23)
RMP No	LI012-098
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551785, 640189
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	Recorded as a circular enclosure demarcated by dense scrub and bushes during a field inspection in 1991. Field clearance stones were also noted. Manual excavation revealed the mound to have been constructed of a series of layers of burnt and heat-shattered stones within a dark brown to black silty soil. The stones were generally small to medium in size and variation among the layers was mainly due to stone concentration. To the north-west, at the edge of the mound, was placed a series of larger stones. Most probably these were laid down as kerbstones to minimise slippage of the burnt mound material. That the kerbing was effective was evidenced by the very small amount of mound material found beyond them. No artefacts were recovered which could conclusively date the feature.
Source	www.archaeology.ie, SMR file

AH No	AH 112 (EX 27)
RMP No	LI012-139
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Excavation- miscellaneous
ITM Ref	551785, 649225
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	No scanned files relating to this available from the NMS archives
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 113 (EX 28)
RMP No	LI012-137
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Attyflin
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Fulacht fia
ITM Ref	551785, 649225
Distance from proposed road	0m
Description	No scanned files relating to this available from the NMS archives
Source	SMR file

AH No	AH 114
RMP No	LI012-091
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Fortetna
Parish	Killonahan
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	552034, 649110
Distance from proposed road	233m SE
Description	Shown on the second edition OS map 1897-03 as a hachured enclosure
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 115 (EX 16)
RMP No	LI021-187
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Gorteen
Parish	Croom
Barony	Pubblebrien
Classification	Corn drying kiln
ITM Ref	549864, 647855
Distance from proposed road	17m S
Description	The overall length of the feature measured 7.1m, with a maximum width of 2.6m and a minimum width of 0.8m. The overall depth of the kiln was 0.7m. It was

	keyhole-shaped, with a north-east/south-west orientation, and consisted of three parts, a bowl in the north-east, a hearth in the south-west and a narrow flue linking the two components. The sides of the kiln were lined with stone in areas. Its four fills contained shell fragments, charcoal, gravel and stone.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 116
RMP No	LI029-031001
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Rathkeale
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Historic town
ITM Ref	536175, 641652
Distance from proposed road	230m SE
Description	<p>Rathkeale is situated on the river Deel fourteen miles south-west of Limerick city on the Tralee road. The placename appears to be derived from Rath Caola or Rath Gaela, Coala's or Gaela's fort. The name indicates that there was a pre-Norman settlement here, probably to be equated with the ringfort immediately south of the town.</p> <p>After the coming of the Normans Rathkeale formed part of the lands granted by John to Hamo de Valognes in 1199 (Empey 1981, 10) but the exact descent of the property is unclear. It appears to have been held by the Waspayl family during the first half of the thirteenth century and subsequently by the Mautravers (Westropp 1906-7, 213). By the middle of the fourteenth century, however, it seems to have come into the hands of the Desmond Geraldines. The settlement is only occasionally mentioned in medieval documents. In 1300 the community of the town paid 40s towards the subsidy for the war in Scotland (Mills 1905, 304; cf Berry 1914, 57).</p> <p>The history of the town in the later middle ages is largely unknown. The town came to prominence again during the Desmond rebellion and it is likely that much of the present linear town plan is actually of post-medieval origin. The street plan is linear and consists of a long street running from north-east to south-west called Main St. on the north side of the river and Church St. on the south side. A number of smaller streets branch off to the east and west. There is little in the way of documentary evidence to indicate what the houses of the town formerly looked like.</p> <p>The Civil Survey notes the existence of a "stone house of Morrish Casey" but it is not clear if it was actually inside the town or not (Simington 1938, 297). It is to be presumed that the weekly market occurred in Main Street but the square in front of the Court House may have been used at a later date. There is a Fair Green to the north of the town and the O.S. map notes a market place immediately east of the abbey. The latter is now gone and is a roadway leading to a new estate of houses. In the early seventeenth century Sir John Dowdall was granted a weekly market on Thursdays at "the high cross of Rathkeale" (Westropp 1906-7, 214). In the absence of a major cross-roads cutting through the town itself it must be assumed that this refers to a freestanding market cross.'</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 117
RMP No	LI021-032001
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Adare
Parish	Adare
Barony	Coshma
Classification	Historic town
ITM Ref	546508, 646202
Distance from proposed road	Adjacent to the S
Description	<p>Adare, or Ath Dara is one of the earliest recorded place names in Ireland, it's first mentioned recorded in AD 485 as 'cath Atho Dara' (Limerick City and Council 2015, p. 51). While there are numerous medieval remains within the village, the 17th, 18th and 19th century development of the village is considered particularly important and this is reflected in its status as an Architectural Conservation Area (BH 35). Adare Manor was the former seat of the Earls of Dunraven. The house was built in the early 19th century and retained some of the walls of the 17th-century structure. The original house was a "calendar house", which means a house that architecturally contains quantities features that represent the numbers of days in a year (365 leaded windows), weeks in a year (52 ornate chimneys), months seasons in a year (4 towers) and days in a week (7 stone pillars).</p> <p>Adare village is an estate village which was developed by the Wyndham Quinn family, the Earls of Dunraven. The planned village developed throughout the 19th century and the Architectural Conservation Area which encompasses the village and demesne has been defined in order to protect the special character of the area. The terraced thatched cottages are one of the most iconic elements of the village. The 19th and early 20th century core of the village, to the west of the thatched cottages, is dominated by shops, pubs and other services.</p>
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file

AH No	AH 118
RMP No	LI029-147
Statutory protection	No
Townland	Blossomhill (ED Rathkeale Rural)
Parish	Rathkeale
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Enclosure
ITM Ref	537893, 642762
Distance from proposed road	11m W
Description	Circular field boundary on 1st edition OS map. The feature was described as a possibly modified natural elevation on the LiDAR survey, with a corresponding arching ditch identified on the geophysical survey.
Source	www.archaeology.ie/ SMR file, Davis 2017, Gimson et al 2019

AH No	AH 119
RMP No	LI010-079
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Craggs
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	528542, 649828
Distance from proposed road	220m N
Description	Site, indicated as circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, is located in area now occupied by industrial complex. No visible trace of this monument on LiDAR survey.
Source	www.archaeology.ie, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 120
RMP No	LI019-048
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Craggs
Parish	Robertstown
Barony	Shanid
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	530007, 648766
Distance from proposed road	Adjacent to S
Description	In dense overgrowth. Monument, depicted as roughly circular enclosure (diam. c. 40m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, is now completely covered by dense overgrowth of briars and furze. Measures 48m in diameter with a possible entrance at the southeast
Source	www.archaeology.ie, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 121
RMP No	LI010-097
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Ballyclogh
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	530603, 648975

Distance from proposed road	250m S
Description	In woodland. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 20m) on 1841 OS 6-inch map, No visible trace on LiDAR survey
Source	www.archaeology.ie, Davis 2017

AH No	AH 122
RMP No	LI019-062
Statutory protection	Yes
Townland	Lismakeery
Parish	Lismakeery
Barony	Connello Lower
Classification	Ringfort - rath
ITM Ref	532002, 647893
Distance from proposed road	205m SW
Description	In pasture, on gentle N-facing slope with large marsh down-slope to N. Monument, depicted as embanked circular enclosure (diam. c. 25m) on 1923 OS 6-inch map, has been levelled. Now evident as band of nettles (Wth 5.6m) SSW->NW. Mound of earth and stones (H 0.9m; Wth 4.8m), probably derived from enclosure, extends along W side of adjacent field boundary for c. 90m.
Source	www.archaeology.ie,